

西藏禾本科植物新分类群与新记录种

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NEW TAXA AND NEW RECORDING SPECIES OF GRAMINEAE FROM TIBET

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Abstract In the present paper, one new species and three new varieties of *Gramineae* are described from Xizang (Tibet), China. They are *Orinus tibeticus* N. X. Zhao, *Stipa capillacea* Keng var. *parviflora* N. X. Zhao et M. F. Li, *Deyeuxia conferta* Keng var. *guoxuniana* N. X. Zhao et M. F. Li and *Bromus staintonii* A. Melderis var. *guoxunianus* N. X. Zhao et M. F. Li; and *Catabrosa aquatica* (L.) Beauv. from Xizang is a new record.

Key words *Gramineae*, New taxa, Xizang, China

关键词 禾本科, 新分类群, 西藏

西藏固沙草 新种 图 1

Orinus tibeticus N. X. Zhao, sp. nov.

Species *O. thoroldii* (Stapf ex Hemsl.) Bor affinis, a quo culmis villolentis, spiculis majoribus, 5—7(—8)—floris, (8—)9—11 mm longis differt.

Gramina perennia; Rhizomata elongata, teretia, 1.5—3 mm crassa, multinodia, internodiis glabris, squamis densis nitidis; Clumi erecti, lenues durique, villolenti, 15—35 cm alti, basin ramiferi; Vaginae villosae, prope orem marginemque densius longiusque villosae, plerumque internodiis longiores (sed superissimae breviores); Ligula membranacea, apice laciniata, c. 1 mm longa; Laminae foliorum planae marginibus aliquantum sursum involutae, lineari-lanceolatae, apice acuminatae, basi rotundatae, vel complicato-involutae, 2—8 cm longae, 2—4 mm latae, utrinque villosae, ad marginem basalem interdum verruculosi-villosae. Panicula (3.5—)5—9 cm longa, racemis solitariis, basilaribus usque 3—4(—5) cm longis, in parte inferiore longe nudis; spiculae 5—7(—8)—florae (rarissime 4), (8—)9—11 mm longae, fuligineae, artidulis rhachillae glabris, c. 1 mm longis; Glumae lanceolatae, inaequales, dorso gracili-chartaceae hiberaeque, margine membranaceae, plerumque glabrae, inferior 1—nerves, 4.5—5(—5.5) mm longae, superior 3—nerves, 5—6 mm longae; Lemmata oblongo-lanceolata, ubique villosa, 3—nervia, exaristata vel ea inferiora mucronata (usque 0.5 mm longa), dorso fuligineae maculata, prima 5—6 mm longa, callo galbra; Palea lemma aequans vel eo paulo brevior, carinis et juxta eas villosa; Lodiculae 2,

c. 0.5 mm longae; Stamina 3, antheris linearibus, c. 3 mm longis; Pistilla ovario glabro, stylo 2, stigmatibus plumosis; Caryopsis anguste oblonga.

Xizang (西藏): Dingjie Xian (定结县), Duo zhazhong-Dingjie (多樟中至定结), alt. 4400 m, habitat in sabulosis et montibus, July 16. 1960, Fu Guo-xun et Zhang Jing-wei (傅国勋, 张经纬) 0107B (Holotype, PE; Isotype, SCBI).

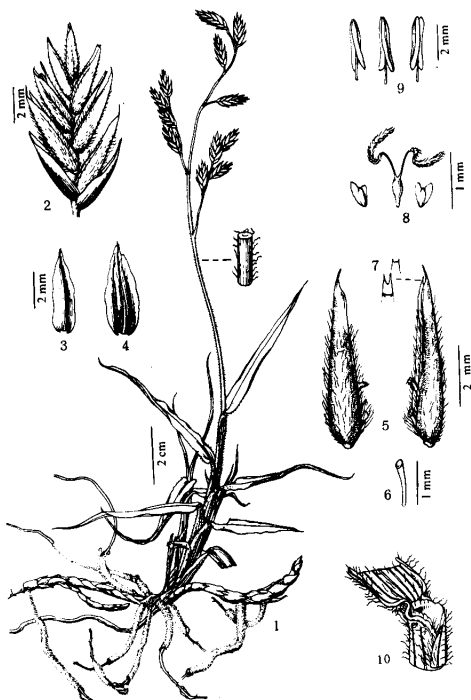


图1 西藏固沙草 *Orinus tibeticus* N. X. Zhao

1. 植株; 2. 小穗; 3. 第1颖; 4. 第2颖; 5. 第1小花; 6. 小穗轴节间; 7. 内稃先端; 8. 雌蕊和鳞被; 9. 雄蕊; 10. 叶片与叶鞘连接处一段。(赵南先绘)

紫褐色斑; 鳞被2, 长约0.5 mm; 雄蕊3, 花药黄色, 线形, 长约3 mm, 雌蕊子房无毛, 花柱2裂, 柱头羽毛状; 颖果狭长圆形, 具棱。花期7—8月。

本种近缘于固沙草 *O. thoroldii* (Stapf ex Hemsl.) Bor, 但秆被较密的长柔毛, 小穗较大, 含5—7 (—8) 小花, 长(8—)9—11 mm 而不同。

小丝颖针茅 新变种

***Stipa capillacea* Keng var. *parviflora* N. X. Zhao et M. F. Li, var. nov.**

A typo praesertim differt spiculis parvioribus, glumis tantum 15—20 (—22) mm longis, lemmatibus cum callo (7—)8—9 mm longis, infra medium dorsale 3—pauci—seriatim pubescentibus, antheris c. 2 mm longis.

Xizang (西藏): Langkaze Xian (郎卡则县), alt. 4340 m. ad margines agrestes, Aug. 02. 1960, Fu Guo-xun et Zhang Jing-wei (傅国勋, 张经纬) 0479 (Holotype, PE; Isotype, SCBI); Dingri Xian (定日县), Changsuo (长所), alt. 4280 m. habitat in pratis ad marginem lacus, Aug. 09. 1961, Exped. Xizang. (西藏队) 1682 (SCBI).

多年生。具长根状茎, 径1.5—3 mm, 其上密被有光泽的鳞片。秆直立, 细硬, 被较密的长柔毛, 高15—35 cm, 基部具分枝。叶鞘被长柔毛, 近鞘口处及边缘毛密而长, 通常长于(最上部者短于)节间; 叶舌膜质, 先端呈撕裂状, 长约1 mm; 叶片扁平而边缘向上稍卷, 条状披针形, 先端长渐尖, 基部近圆形, 或内卷呈钻状, 长2—8 cm, 宽2—4 mm, 两面被(较密的)长柔毛, 有时于基部的边缘可具疣毛。圆锥花序长(3.5—)5—9 cm, 分枝单生, 基部分枝长可达3—4 (—5) cm; 小穗紫褐色, 含5—7 (—8) 小花(极稀4), 长(8—)9—11 mm; 小穗轴节间长约1 mm, 无毛; 颖披针形, 质薄, 常背部带紫褐色而边缘膜质透明, 无毛或稀被少量长柔毛, 第1颖具1脉, 长4.5—5 (—5.5) mm, 第2颖具3脉, 长5—6 mm; 外稃长圆状披针形, 遍生长柔毛, 具3脉, 无芒, 或下部小花外稃有小尖头(长达0.5 mm), 背部具浅褐色至黑褐色斑点, 或有时黑褐色斑连成一片, 第1外稃长5—6 mm, 基盘无毛; 内稃等长或稍短于外稃, 先端狭而微凹, 脊与脊的两侧均被长柔毛, 具

与原变种的主要区别在于小穗较小, 颖长仅 15—20(—22) mm; 外稃连同基盘长(7—)8—9 mm, 背面中下部具 3—数行(疏)短毛; 花药长约 2 mm。

国勋野青茅 新变种

Deyeuxia conferta Keng var. *guoxuniana*^① N. X. Zhao et M. F. Li, var. nov.

A typo praesertim differt plantis humilioribus, 60—80 cm altis, rhizomatosis; arista dorso lemmatis supra medium posita; rhachillis extensis c. 1 mm longis, cum pilis usque 4 mm longis.

Xizang(西藏): Rikaze(日喀则), alt. 3800 m, infra sylvas, July 07. 1960, Fu Guo-xun et Zhang Jing-wei(傅国勋, 张经纬) 0332 (Type, SCBI).

与原变种的主要区别在于植株较矮, 高约 60—80 cm, 具根状茎; 芒自稃体中上部伸出; 延伸小穗轴长约 1 mm, 与其柔毛共长达 4 mm。

国勋雀麦 新变种

Bromus staintonii A. Melderis var. *guoxunianus*^① N. X. Zhao et M. F. Li, var. nov..

A typo praesertim differt foliorum vaginis glabris; articulis rhachillae typo brevioribus, c. 2.5 mm longis; antheris c. 2 mm longis..

Xizang(西藏): Cuona Xian(措那县), Menba(门巴), alt. 3200 m. habitat inter frutices et in marginibus fruticum ad montes, Aug. 21. 1960, Fu Guo-xun et Zhang Jing-wei(傅国勋, 张经纬) 0587 (Type, SCBI).

与原变种的主要区别在于叶鞘无毛; 小穗轴间较短, 长约 2.5 mm; 花药长约 2 mm。

沿沟草

Catabrosa aquatica (Linn.) Beauv., Ess. Agrost. 97, 149, 157. t. 19. f. 1812; A. S. Hitchcock, Man. Grass. U. S. ed. 2: 169. f. 232. 1951; Keng, Fl. Ill. PL. Prim. Sin. Gram. 231. t. 263. 1959; Bor, Grass. Burma Ceyl. Ind. Pak. 529. 1960, p.p; Tzvel. in Pl. As. Centr. 4: 122. 1968, et in Poaceae URSS, 489. 1976; Anon. in Icon. Corm. Sin. 5: 52. f. 6933. 1976; T. G. Tutin in T. G. Tutin et V. H. Heywood et al., Fl. Eur. 5: 172. 1980; R. R. Mill in P. H. Davis, Fl. Turk. E. Aeg. Is. 9: 499. 1985; C. Y. Wu, Index Fl. Yunnan. II: 2139. 1984. — *Aira aquatica* Linn., Sp. Pl. 64. 1753. — *Molinia aquatica* (Linn.) Wib., Prim. Fl. Werthem. 116. 1799. — *Glyceria aquatica* (Linn.) J. S. et C. B. Presl, Fl. Cech. 25. 1819. — *Melica aquatica* (Linn.) Loisel., Fl. Gall. ed. 2. 1: 59. 1828. — *Colpodium aquaticum* (Linn.) Trin., in Mem. Acad. Sci. Petersb. scr. 6(1): 395. 1830.

Xizang(西藏): Kangma Xian(康马县), alt. 4400 m, in fossis, July 17. 1960, Fu Guo-xun et Zhang Jing-wei(傅国勋, 张经纬) 00869(SCBI).

分布: 云南、四川、青海、甘肃、内蒙古, 西藏分布新记录; 广布于欧、亚、美洲的温带区域; 生于河边、池沼等水湿处。

在西藏的标本中, 小穗仅含 1 小花, 小穗轴长仅 0.2—0.4 mm, 颖几乎均无脉纹(稀具 1 不明显的脉), 均表现出减化之趋势, 显然是对青藏高原高寒环境适应性的一种进化。

① 变种加词系纪念傅国勋先生对中国西藏植物所作出的研究与贡献。